Respiratory Inhaler Identification Chart

This is not a complete list of available agents. Please consult the CPS for others.

WHICH INHALERS HAVE BEEN PRESCRIBED FOR YOU?

CONTROLLERS Anti-Inflammatories Combination Medications Long-Acting Bronchodilators Inhaled steroids and long-acting B₂-agonists. PADVAIR® MDI PFLOVENT® HFA P'SEREVENT® (Salmeterol xinafoate/fluticasone propionate) Available in 125 & 250 mcg per dose (Fluticasone propionate) (Salmeterol xinafoate) 2 puffs BID Available in 50, 125 & 250 mcg per dose 25 mcg per dose GlaxoSmithKline GlaxoSmithKline GlaxoSmithKline "ADVAIR" DISKUS" P'FLOVENT® DISKUS® "SEREVENT" DISKUS" Inhalation Device Inhalation Device (Salmeterol xinafoate/fluticasone propionate) Inhalation Device (Fluticasone propionate) (Salmeterol xinafoate) Available in 100, 250 & 500 mcg per dose Available in 50, 100, 250 & 500 mcg per dose 50 mcg per dose 1 inhalation BID GlaxoSmithKline GlaxoSmithKline GlaxoSmithKline "PULMICORT" TURBUHALER "OXEZE" TURBUHALER" "SYMBICORT" TURBUHALER" (Budesonide) (Formoterol fumarate dihydrate) (Budesonide/formoterol fumarate dihydrate) Available in 100, 200 & 400 mcg per dose Available in 100 & 200 mcg per dose Available in 6 & 12 mcg per dose AstraZeneca AstraZeneca AstraZeneca * May also be used as a reliever medication • Controllers help prevent respiratory symptoms such as wheezing, coughing and shortness of breath. Take your controller medication exactly as your doctor P'SPIRIVA® PQVART HandiHaler Inhalation Device told you. (Beclomethasone dipropionate) (tiotropium bromide monohydrate) Available in 50 & 100 mcg per dose 18 mcg/capsule

RELIEVERS

Short-Acting Bronchodilators





GlaxoSmithKline

3M Pharmaceuticals



Boehringer Ingelheim

"BRICANYL" TURBUHALER" (Terbutaline sulfate) 0.5 mg per dose AstraZeneca



"ATROVENT" HFA INHALATION AEROSOL (Ipratropium bromide) 20 mcg per dose Boehringer Ingelheim



"COMBIVENT" INHALATION AEROSOL (Ipratropium bromide/salbutamol sulfate) 20 mcg per dose Boehringer Ingelheim



- Relievers help relax the tight muscles around airways therefore opening them up and making it easier to breathe. These medications provide quick relief when an asthma attack occurs.
- · Relievers should only be taken when needed unless your Doctor tells you otherwise. More than 4 times per week could mean your asthma is getting worse and you should be reassessed by your Doctor.

Asthma is a common lung disease that can affect your breathing. Asthma is a chronic inflammatory lung disease characterized by recurrent breathing problems. While there is no "cure" for asthma, proper medical care and treatment can help most asthma patients live normally.

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) is a disease that causes the airways of the lungs to be inflamed and become "obstructed" or blocked. COPD includes two major breathing diseases: chronic bronchitis and emphysema. Unlike asthma, COPD gets worse over time. Medications cannot cure COPD but they can help relieve symptoms; but quitting smoking is the most effective way to prevent the progression of COPD.

Consult respective prescribing information before prescribing.

ADVAIR, FLOVENT*, SEREVENT*, VENTOLIN* and DISKUS* are registered trademarks, used under license by GlaxoSmithKline Inc. ™The appearance, namely the color, shape, and size of the DISKUS* inhalation device, is used under license by GlaxoSmithKline Inc. BRICANYL*, OXEZE*, PULMICORT*, SYMBICORT* and TURBUHALER* are trademarks of the AstraZeneca Group. ATROVENT*, COMBIVENT* and SPIRIVA* are registered trademarks of Boehringer Ingelheim (Canada) Ltd., licensed use. AIROMIR™ and QVAR™ are trademarks of 3M Pharmaceuticals, licensed use. The colours on this reference guide may vary slightly from the actual product due to the limitations of the printing process. Original concept by Jacqueline Geremia, RN, BScN, Certified Asthma Educator, Scarborough Hospital, Grace Division. This material is provided as an educational service by GlaxoSmithKline Inc.















